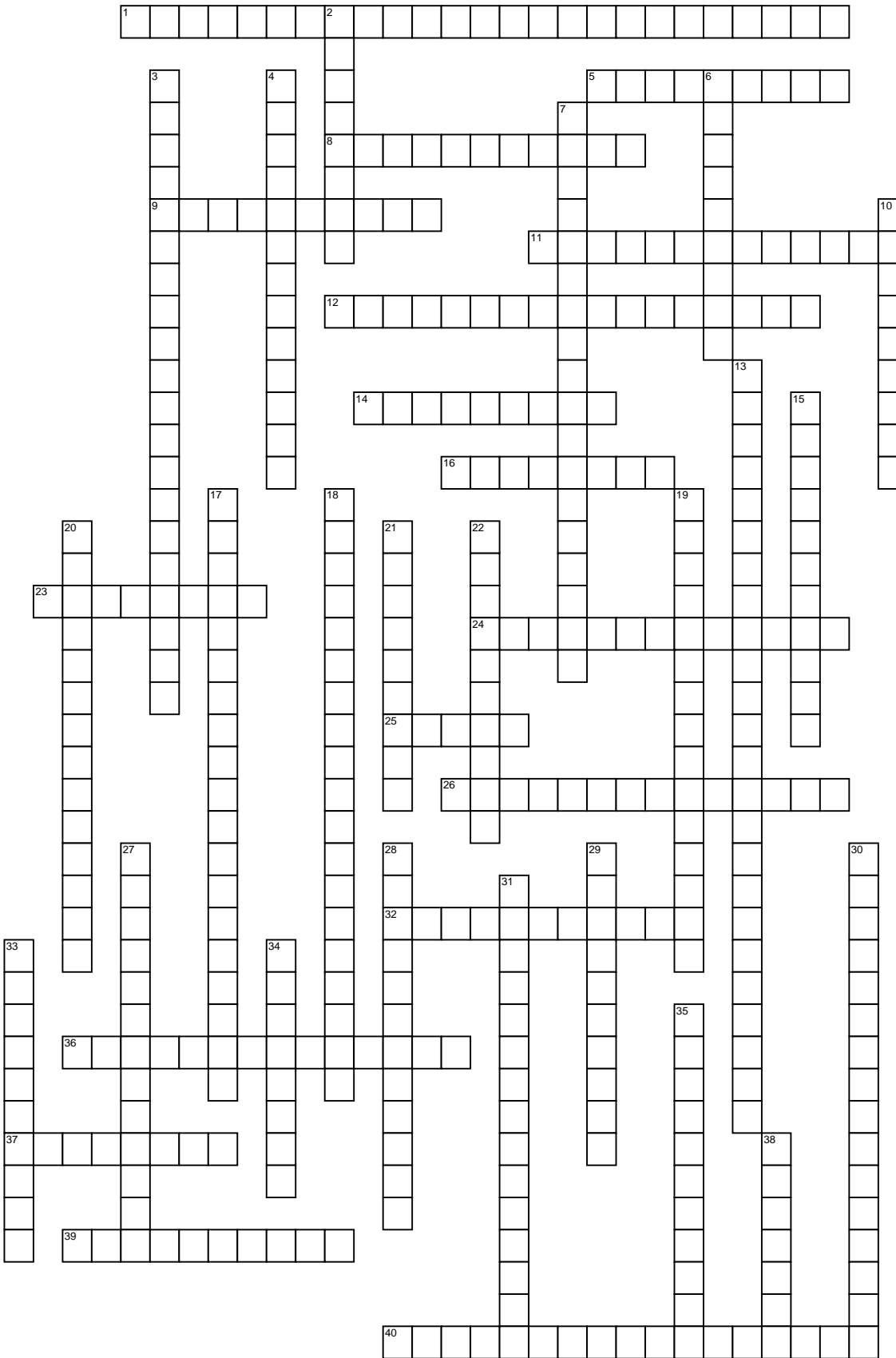


Ch. 15

Secession and the Civil War: 1861-1865



- to preserve and extend the democratic ideal
- 14 caused by printing large quantities of paper money that could not be redeemed in gold and silver
- 16 Confederate capital
- 23 guerrilla fighting here made it an unsafe and bloody place
- 24 outright conscription of white males but permitted men of wealth to hire substitutes or pay a fee to avoid military service
- 25 original number of states that seceded
- 26 called for restoration of the Union by negotiation rather than force
- 32 mob of angry Irish-Americans burned draft offices, homes of Republican leaders, and an orphanage for black children
- 36 the North would squeeze the South into submission by blockading the southern coasts, seizing control of the Mississippi and cutting off supplies
- 37 martial law was used here to suppress Confederate sympathizers
- 39 bloodiest one-day battle of the war
- 40 era's most prominent man of letters

DOWN

- 2 strongly antislavery Republicans
- 3 Lee surrendered here
- 4 first commander of the Union army
- 6 widows and sweethearts left behind that sought new opportunities for serving the community
- 7 promoted health in army camps through attention to cleanliness, nutrition, and medical care
- 10 nickname earned by Jackson for holding the line against the northern assault
- 13 Confederate states were given 100 days to give up the struggle without losing their slaves
- 15 party Lincoln joined after breaking with the Whigs
- 17 outlaws involuntary servitude
- 18 ministered to the spiritual needs of the troops
- 19 believed the slave states should act as a unit
- 20 extend the Missouri Compromise line to the Pacific
- 21 Davis provisional president of the CSA
- 22 succeeded Johnston as commander of the Confederate Army of Northern Virginia
- 27 justified seceding by charging that "a sectional party" had elected a president whose opinions and purposes are hostile to slavery
- 28 drafting men into military service
- 29 fort in Charleston Harbor first attacked by the Confederacy
- 30 first major battle that was a disaster for the North
- 31 proConfederate actor that assassinated Lincoln
- 33 where delegates from the Deep South met to establish the Confederate States of America
- 34 a war that involves every aspect of society
- 35 that the negro is not equal to the white man-that slavery is his natural condition
- 38 an armored and turreted Union gunship

ACROSS

- 1 responsible for producing or procuring armaments for the southern armies
- 5 the almost inaccessible Confederate

- bastion that stood between the North and control of the Mississippi River
- 8 militant advocates of peace at any price
- 9 enables the military to arrest civilians

- suspected of aiding the enemy
- 11 unarmed merchant ship sent to reinforce the federal garrison in Charleston Harbor
- 12 where Lincoln discussed the struggle